

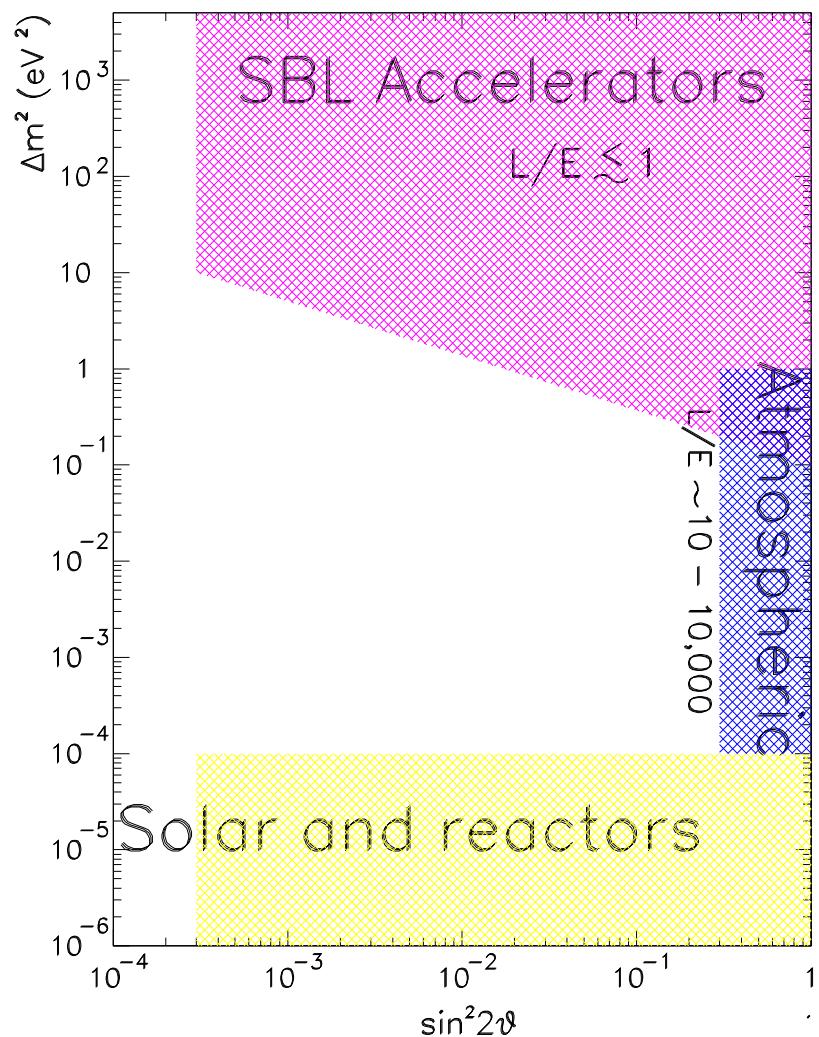
Physics of Short Baseline Accelerator Neutrino Experiments

- SBL oscillations
 - LSND signal (sterile neutrinos?)
 - what to do about it
- Connections with other ν sub-fields
 - nuclear physics (via precision CCQE σ measurements)
 - LBL, Atm. (via single π production σ measurements)
 - astrophysics (via SBL sterile neutrino searches)

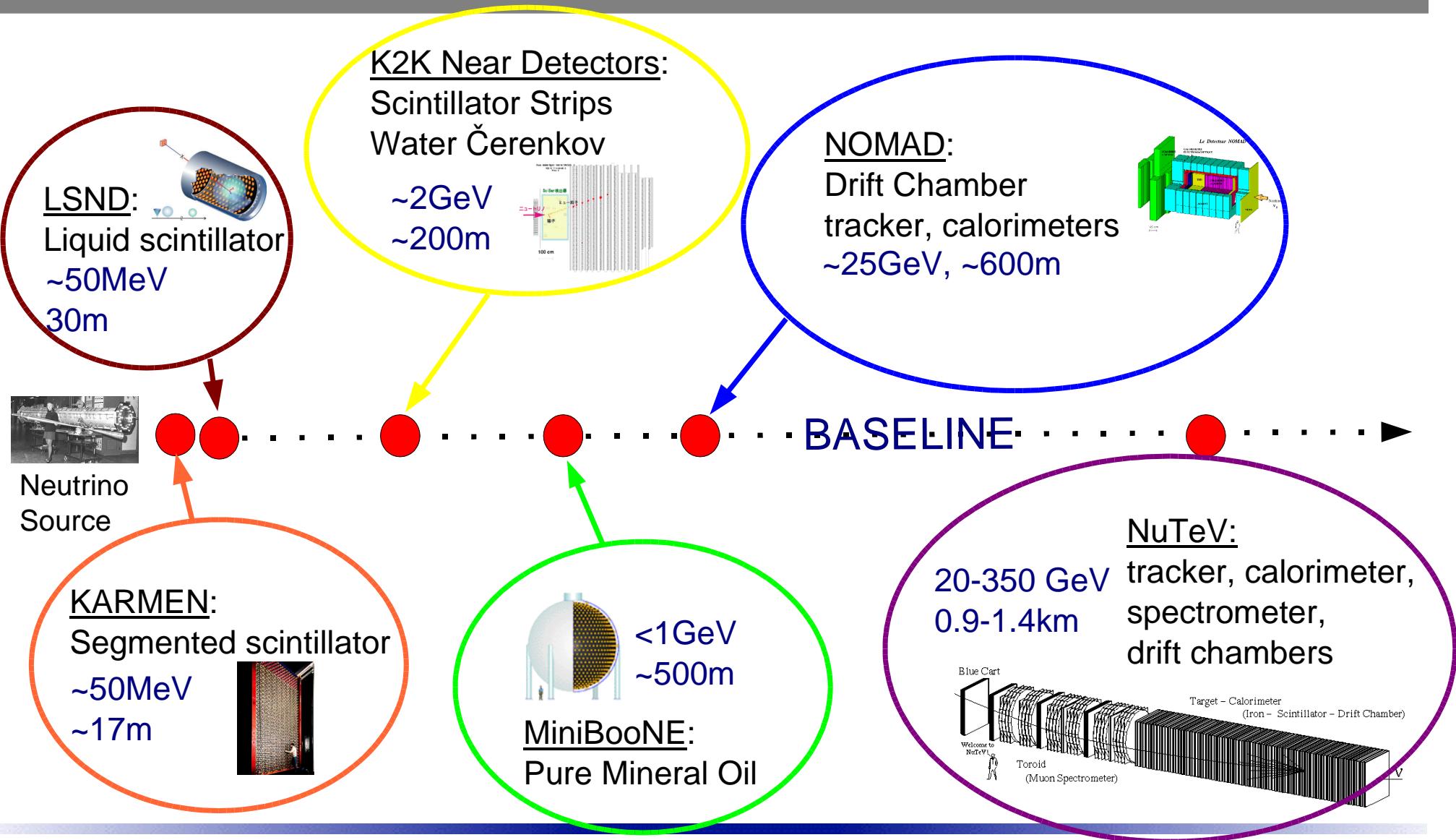


SBL Oscillation Physics

- ♦ Oscillation physics at high Δm^2 ,
- $$P(\nu_a \rightarrow \nu_b) \propto \sin^2(2\theta) \sin^2\left(1.27 \Delta m_{12}^2 \frac{L}{E}\right)$$
- ♦ $0.03 < E_\nu < 300 \text{ GeV}$, $30\text{m} < L < 1.4\text{km}$
- ♦ low $\sin^2 2\theta$ accessible with high statistics
- ♦ exciting prospects:
 - ♦ sterile vs
 - ♦ search for CPT violation
 - ♦ if LSND *is* oscillations, search for CP violation in vs at moderate baselines (30km)

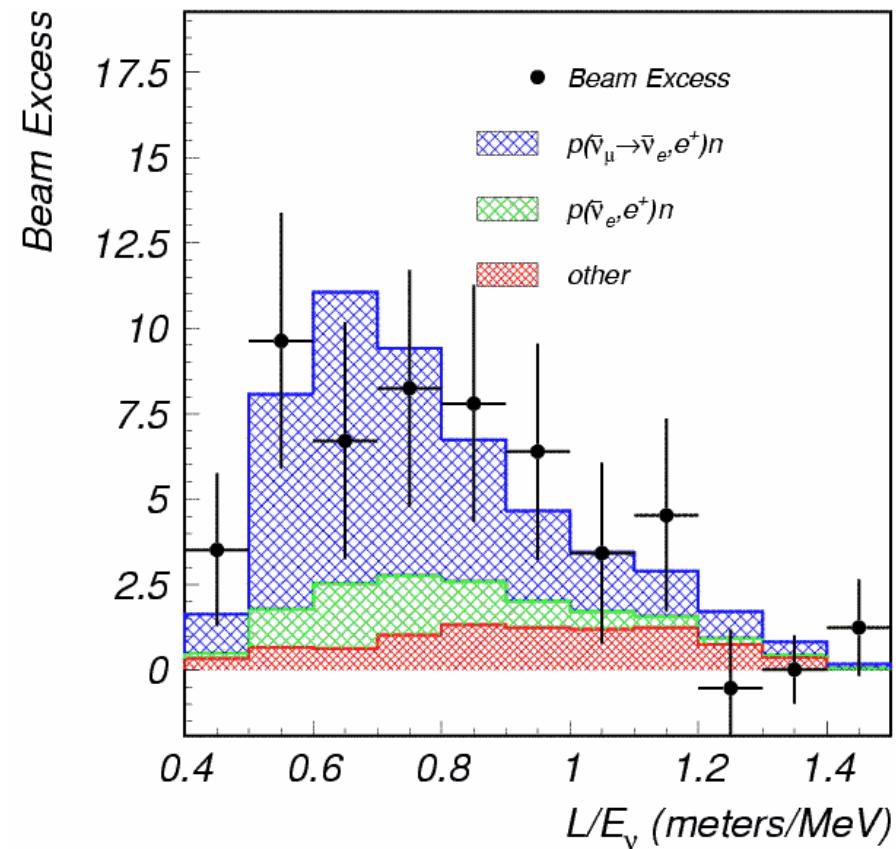
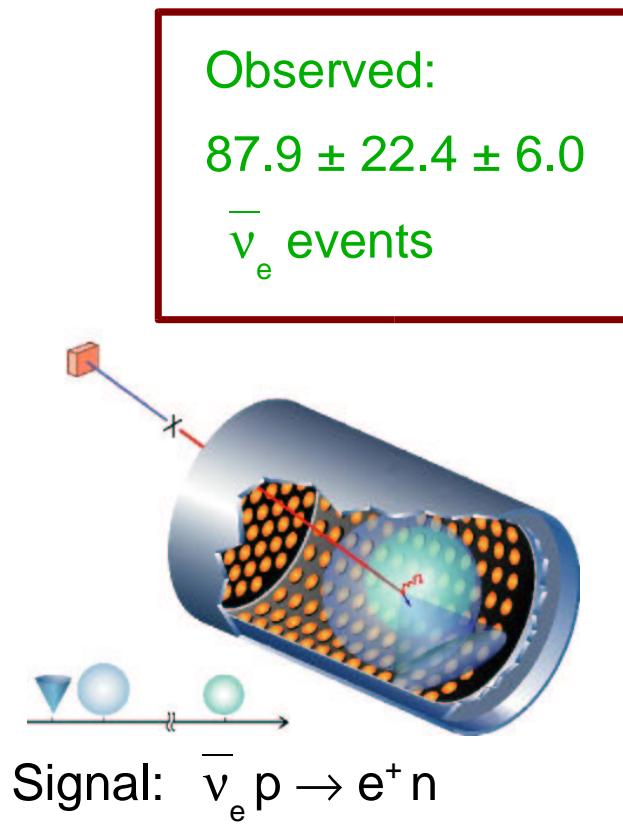


SBL: The Experiments



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The LSND Signal

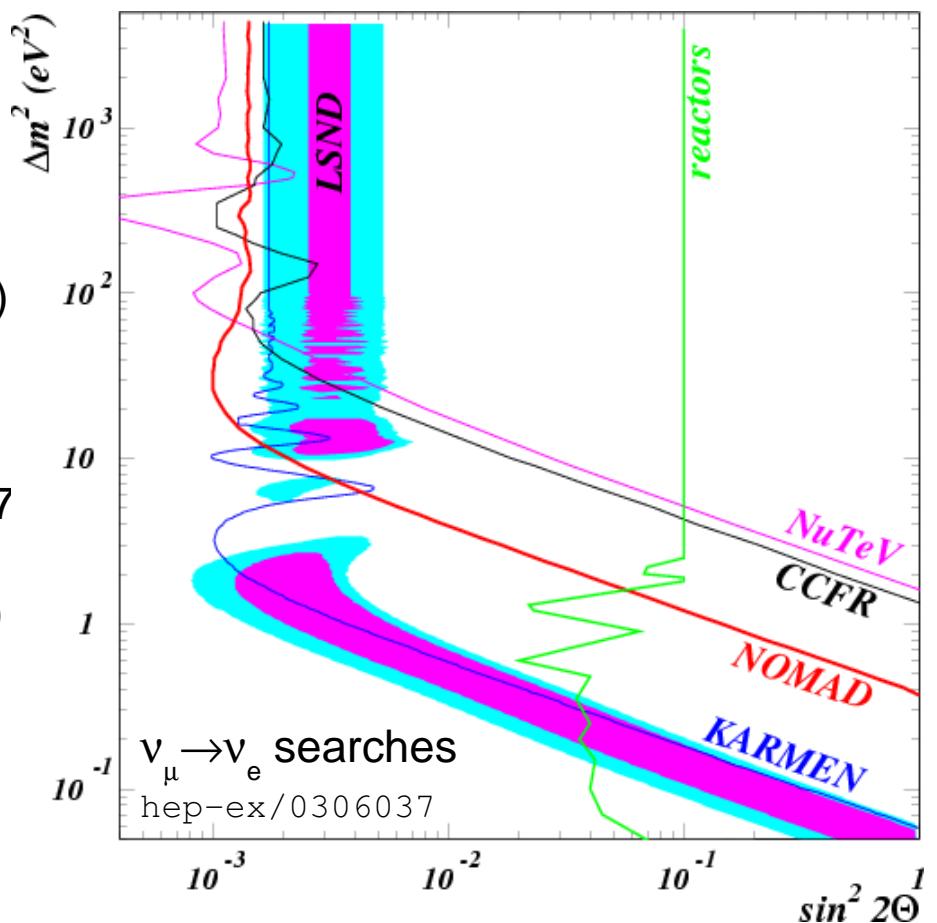


3.8 σ excess, 3.3 σ oscillation, probability: $(0.264 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.045)\%$.



Current SBL $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ Oscillation Picture

- L/E range: 10^{-2} - 10 : $\Delta m^2 > 0.1 \text{ eV}^2$
- Positive Result:
 - LSND: $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ (1993-1998)
- SBL oscillation NULL results:
 - NuTeV, CCFR: $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_{e,\tau}$ (1985→1997)
 - NOMAD: $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_{e,\tau}$ (1994-1998)
 - KARMEN: $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ (1992-1999)

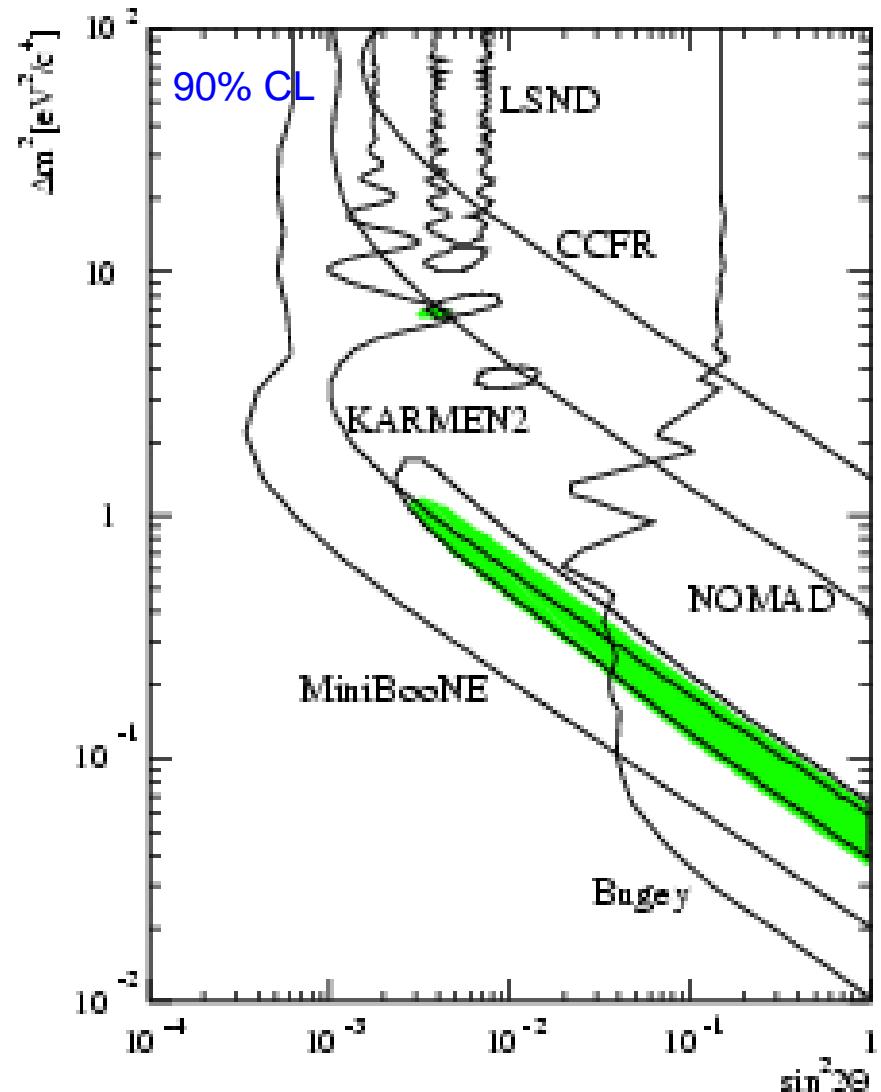


LSND and KARMEN

KARMEN/LSND Joint Analysis:

hep-ex/0203023

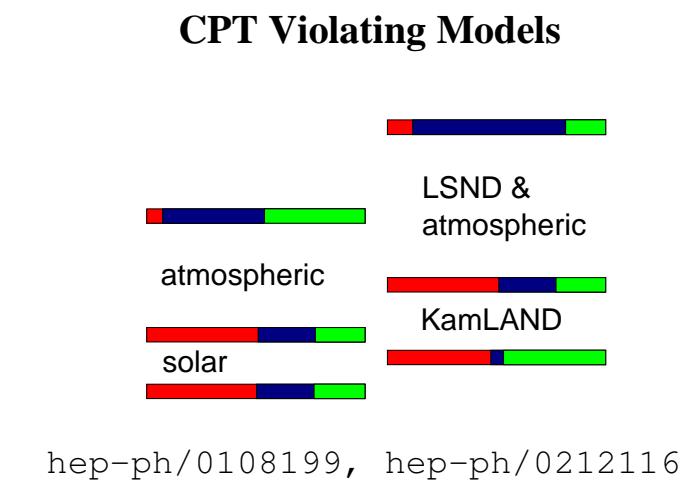
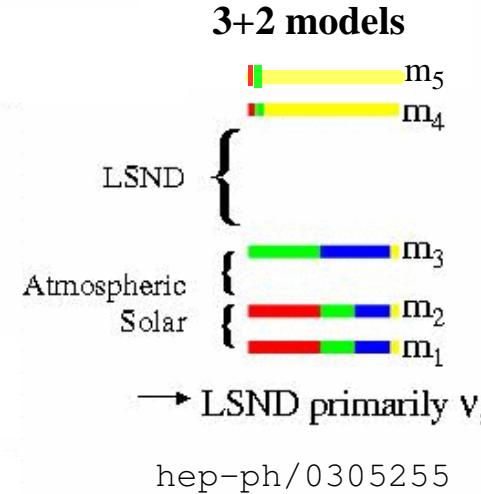
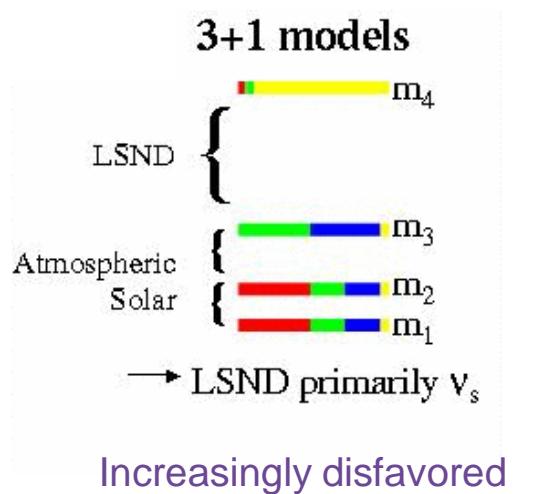
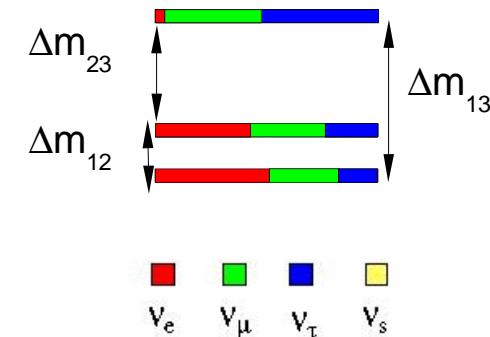
- ◆ KARMEN and LSND collaborators performed a combined analysis of both data sets
- ◆ Relatively low statistical power of KARMEN's data cannot cover all of LSND allowed region
- ◆ 3.8σ is a strong signal!



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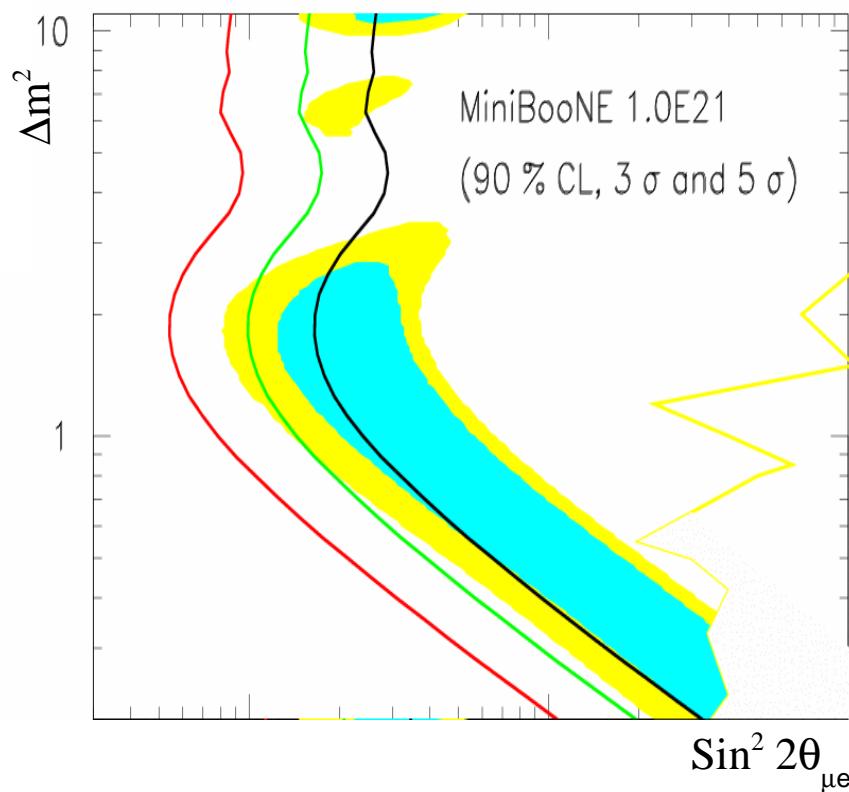
Interpretations of the LSND Signal

- Not oscillations?
 - Anomalous muon decay? Ruled out by KARMEN2 at 90%CL (hep-ex/0302017)
- $10^{-5} + 10^{-3} \neq 1$ (Solar + Atmospheric \neq LSND)
- Sterile Neutrinos? (No weak coupling \Leftarrow invisible Z width)
- CPT Violation?

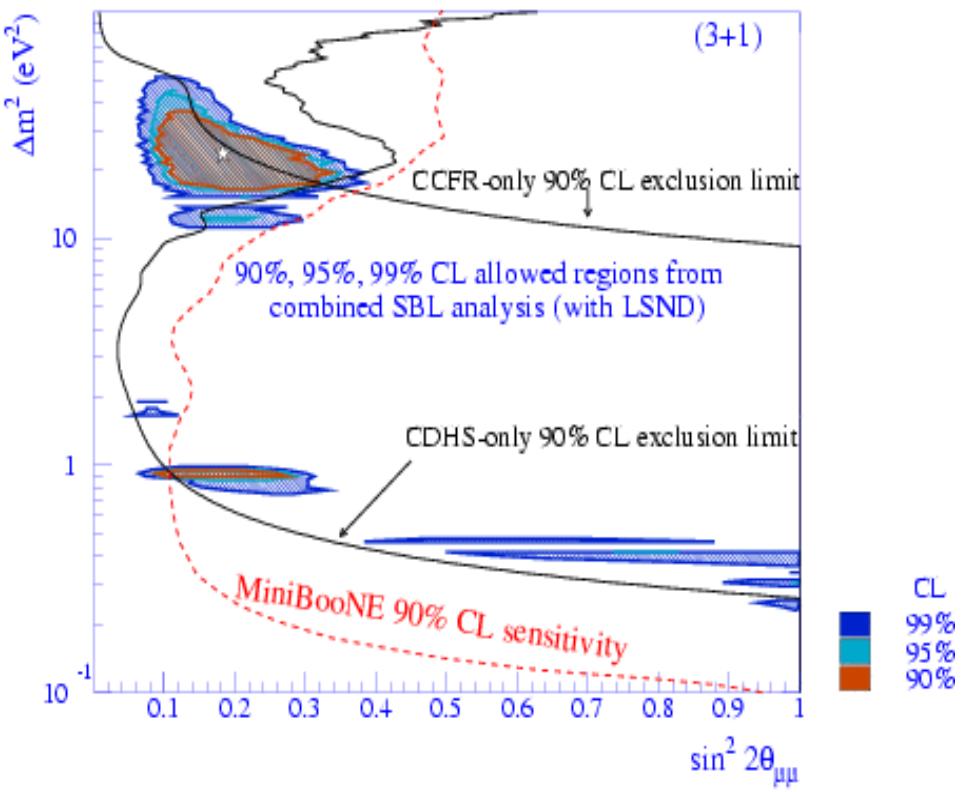


MiniBooNE Sensitivity

- MiniBooNE can cover LSND region at $4-5\sigma$ level with $1.0E21$ p.o.t.
- ν_μ disappearance is *larger* than ν_e appearance in models with steriles



$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$: first results in 2005
<http://www-boone.fnal.gov/publicpages/news.html>



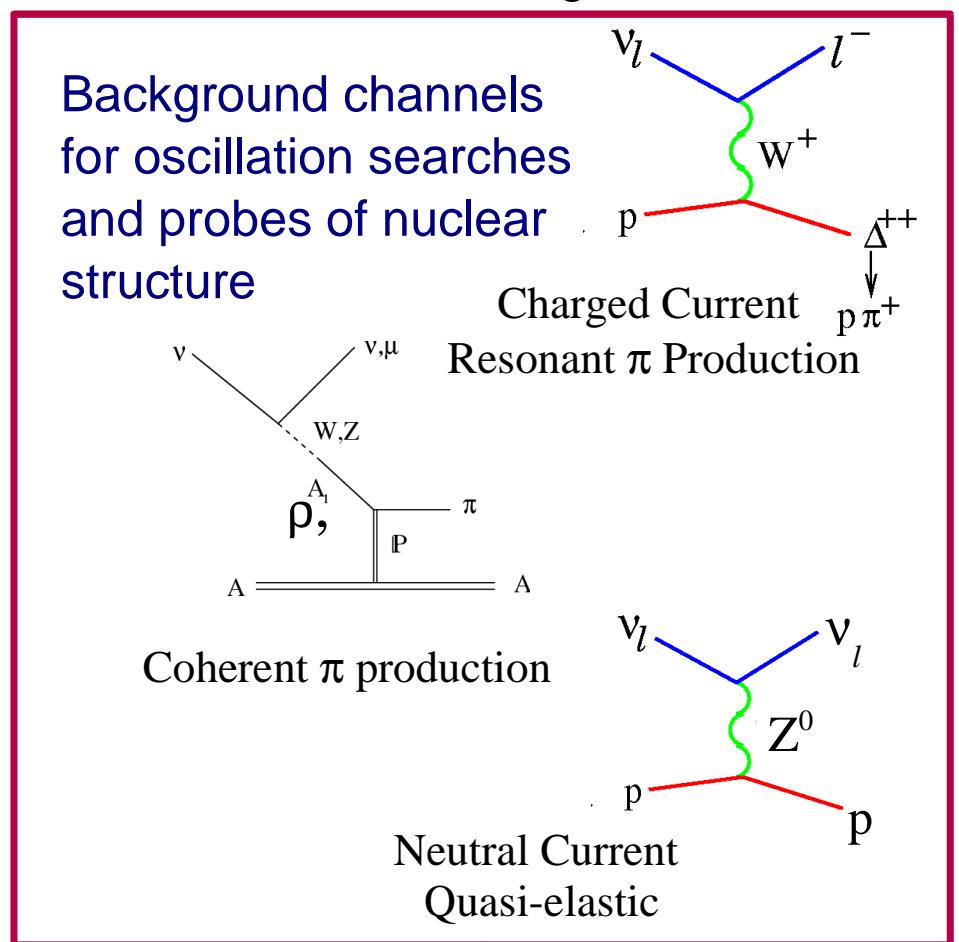
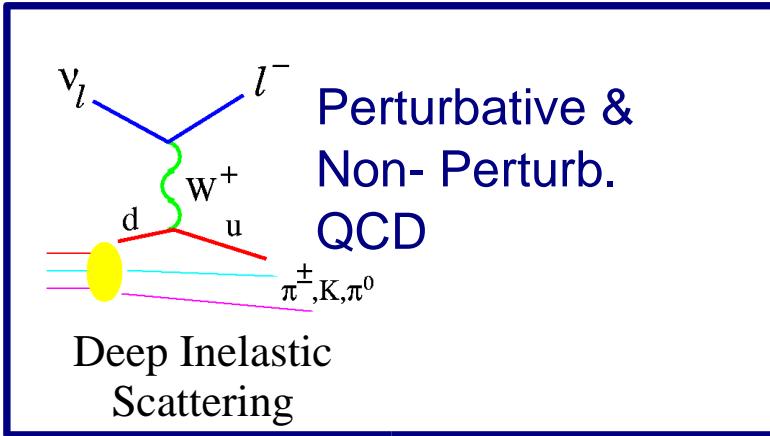
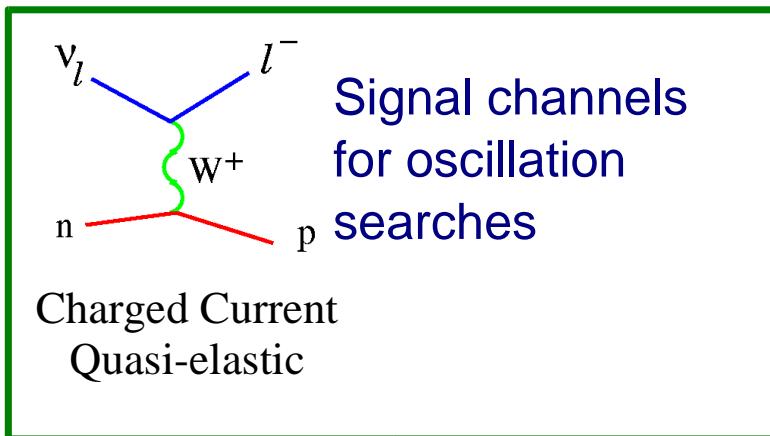
$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_x$: first results this year



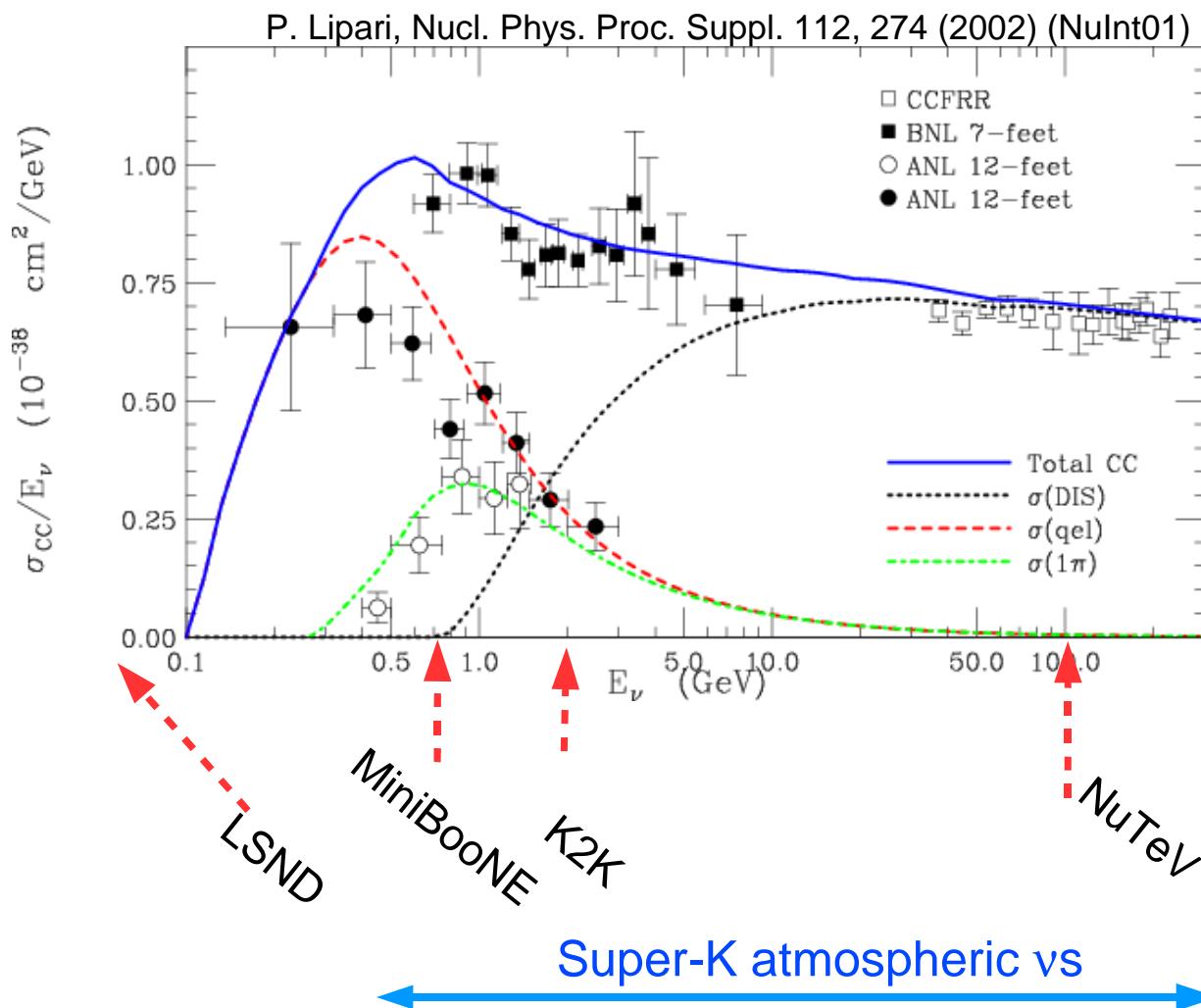
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Cross Section Physics

- Cross section measurements key to improving oscillation sensitivity
- much exciting physics accessible with SBL neutrino scattering data!



Current Cross Section Measurements

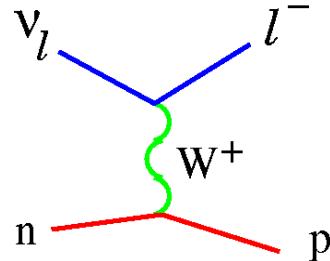


Cross section uncertainties

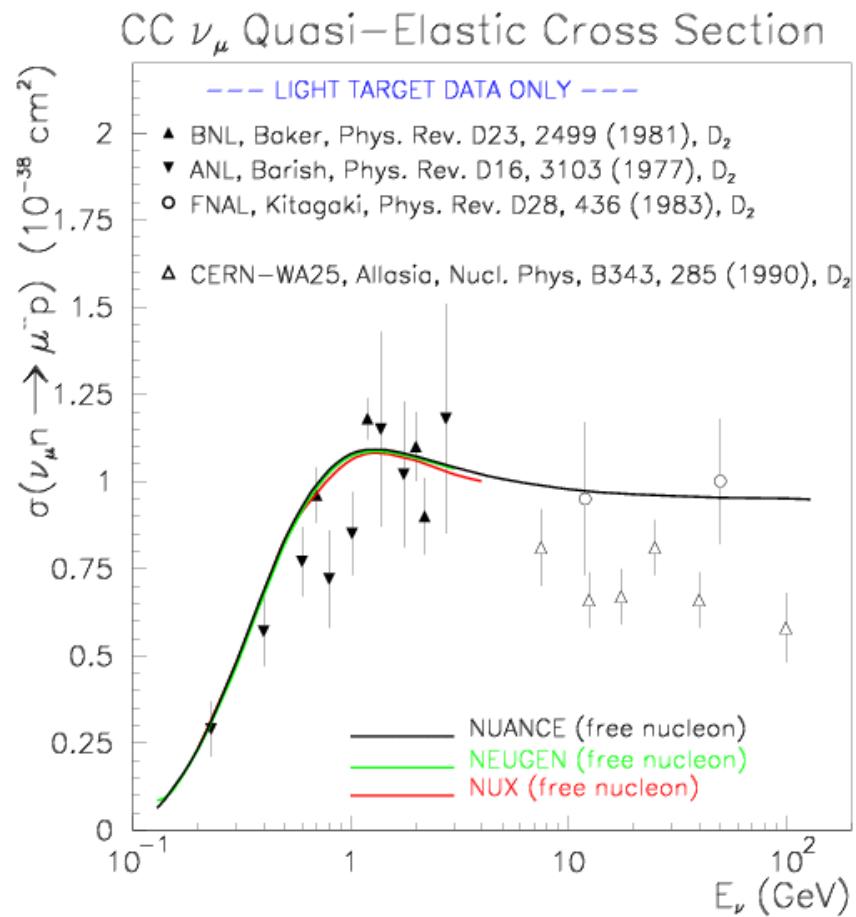
- DIS ~2%
- CCQE ~ 20%+
- Res. Single Pion ~ 20%
- Neutral Pion Production
- Resonant ~ 40%
- Coherent ~100%



CCQE Cross Section

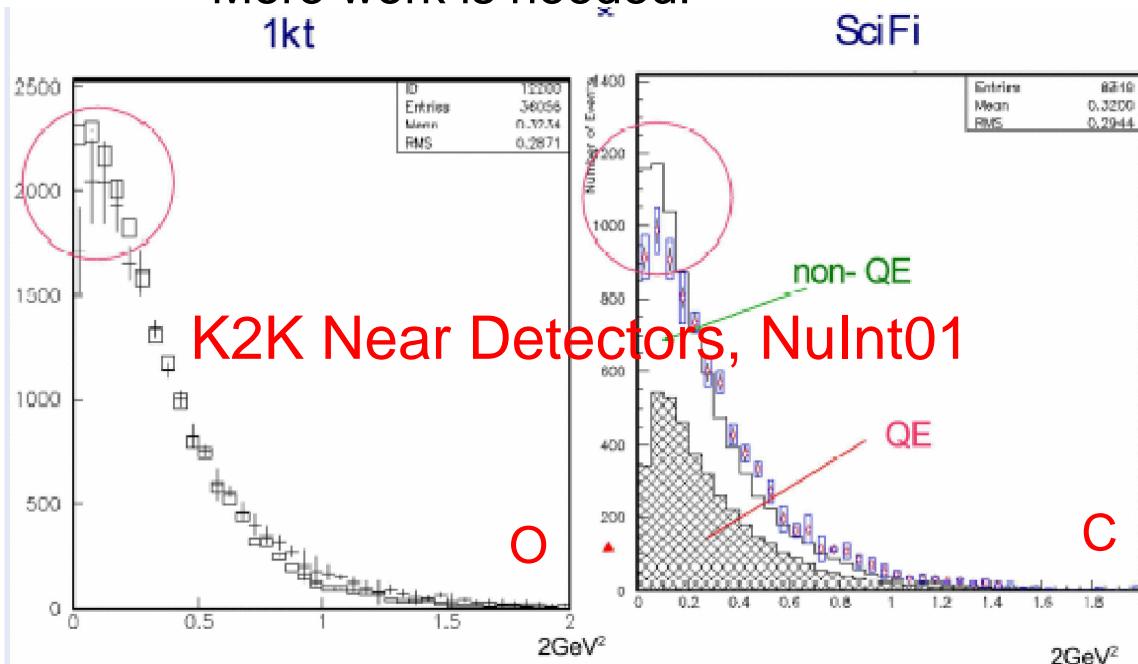


- CCQE reaction is used to search for oscillations
- Cross section industry is booming
 - Data is pouring in from expts
 - Monte Carlo Generators
 - NUANCE, NEUGEN, NEUT, NUX ...
 - Low energy σ_ν soon to be included in Durham database

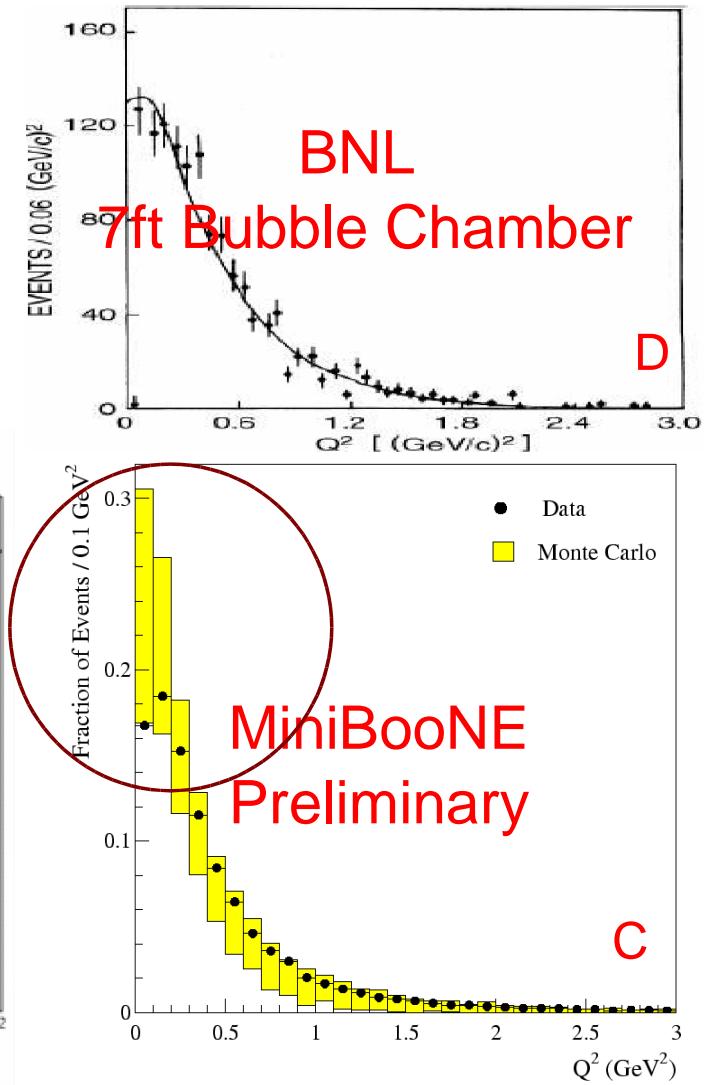


CCQE Low Q^2 : Model Deficiencies?

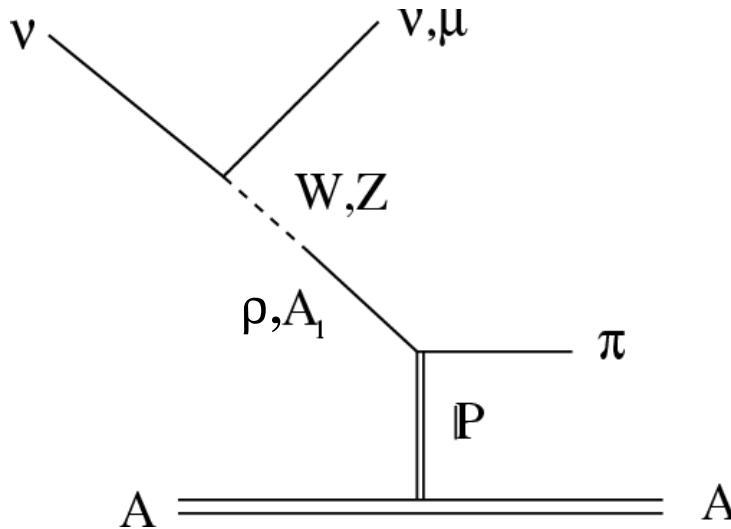
- Larger than expected rollover at low Q^2
 - Pauli blocking expected, accounted for
 - Nuclear Effects
 - Seen in DIS data by BEBC – shadowing
 - More work is needed!



K2K Near Detectors, NuInt01

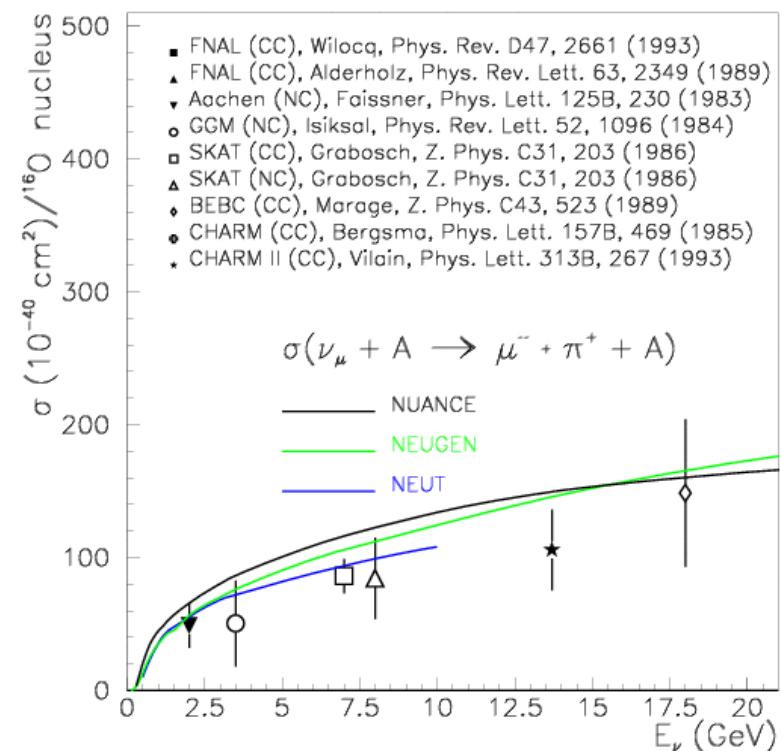


Coherent Pion Production



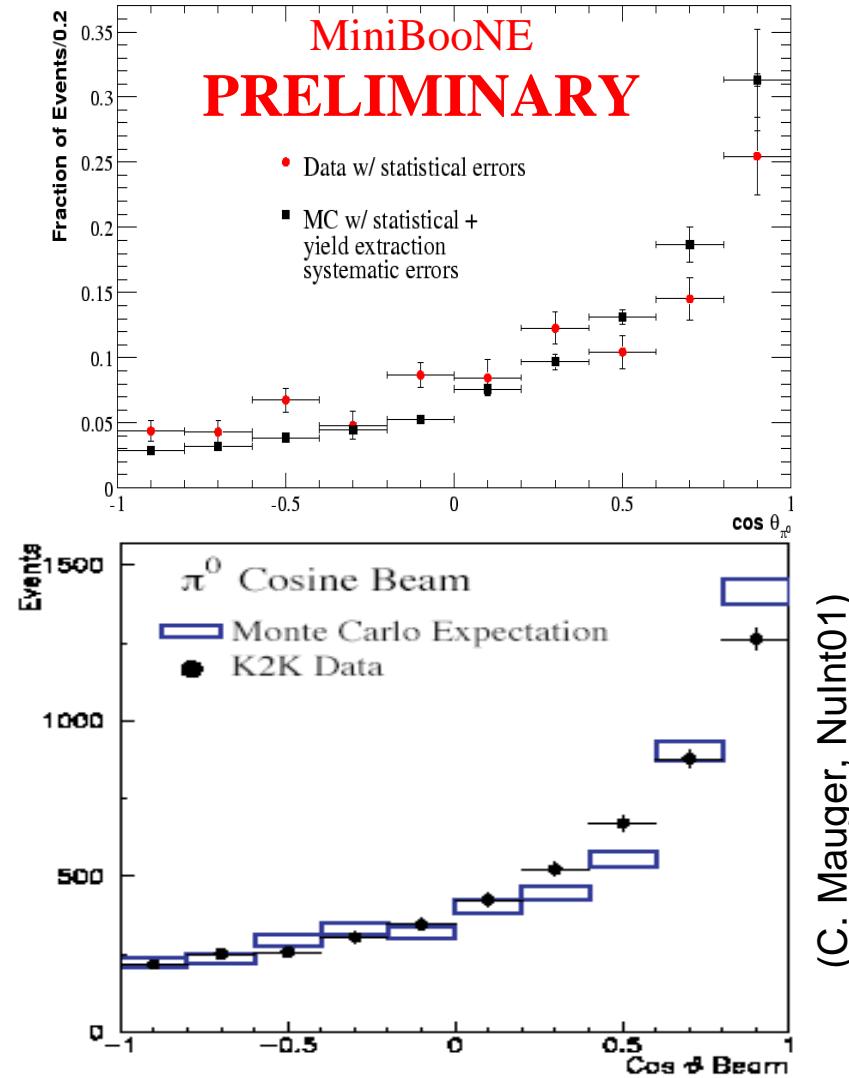
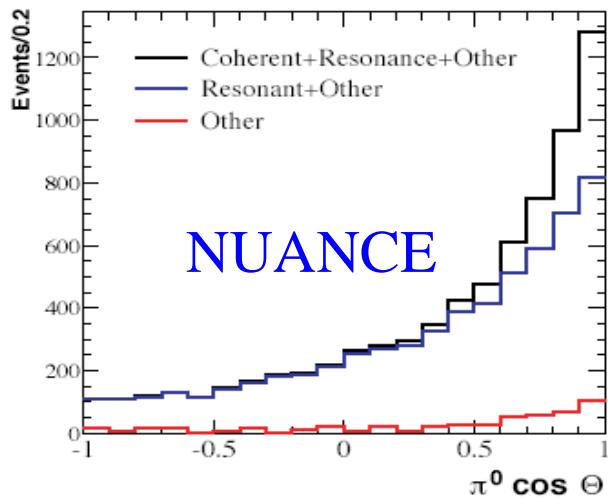
- Neutrino scatters with whole nucleus
- diffractive scattering (Pomeron)
- Clear signature: forward-peaked
- ~20% of $\sigma(\nu_\mu N \rightarrow X\pi^0)$ at 1 GeV

- Super-K BG for $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_s$ vs. $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$
- No data below 2 GeV!

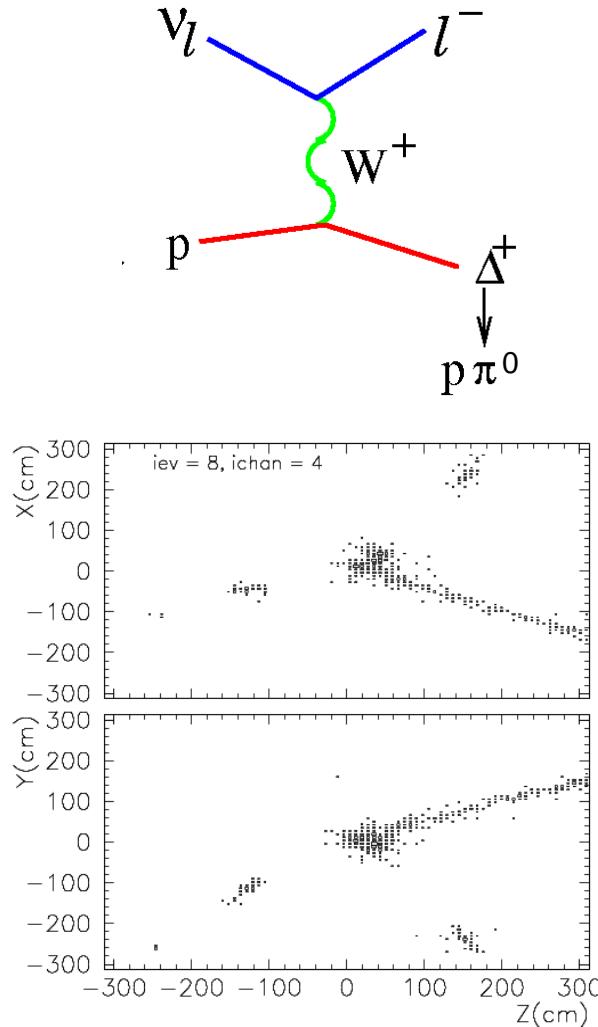


Coherent Pion Production: Data

- K2K Near and MiniBooNE both suggest a reduction in forward peaked NC π^0 events cf MC
- Competing models
 - Rein – Sehgal (NUANCE), Paschos (1/6 x NUANCE)
- Distinct kinematics



High Precision Cross Sections: New SBL detectors wanted!



... for recoil nucleon energy measurement,
complex final state ID, large active volume

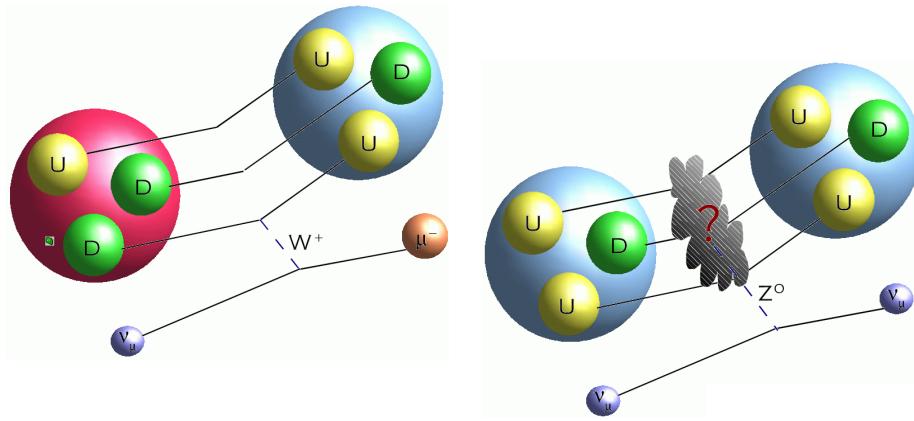
- ◆ FINeSSE (MiniBooNE beamline)
 - ◆ <http://home.fnal.gov/~bfleming/finesse.html>
 - ◆ New detector technology: SciBath
 - ◆ Resonant CC π^0 event: $\nu_\mu n \rightarrow \mu^- p \pi^0$ (left)
- ◆ MINERvA (NuMI beamline)
 - ◆ <http://www.pas.rochester.edu/~ksmcf/minerva/>
 - ◆ Finely grained scintillator strips
 - ◆ DIS σ , form factors + ...



Precision ν scattering with FINeSSE

Δs : component of nucleon spin carried by strange quarks

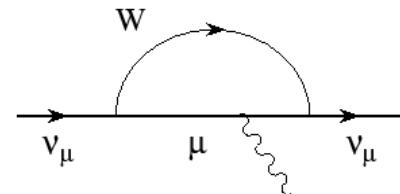
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2} \sim G_A^2 = (-g_a + G_A^s)^2$$



- Measure NC/CC ratio:

$$R_{NC/CC} = \sigma(\nu p \rightarrow \nu p) / \sigma(\nu n \rightarrow \mu p)$$

ν magnetic moment

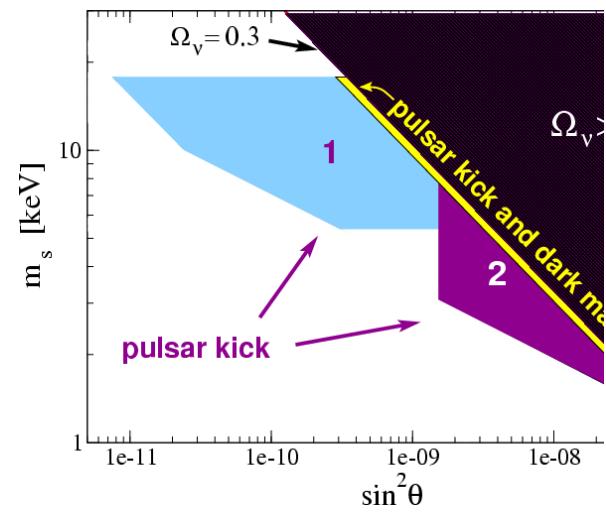
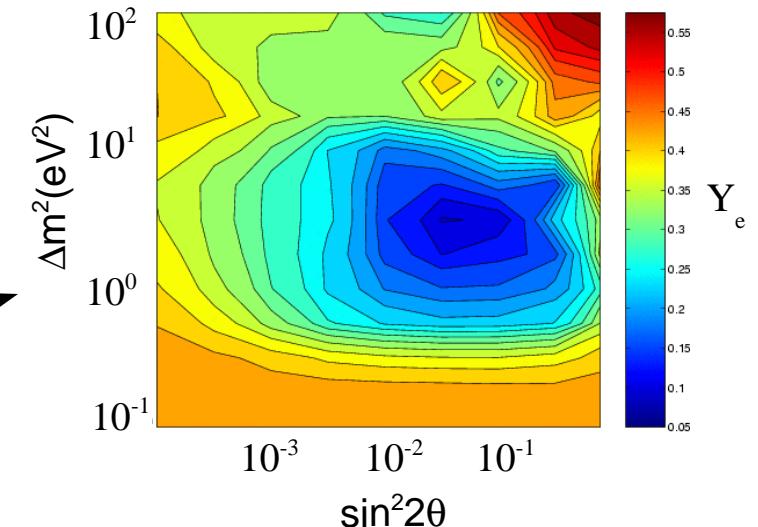


- Minimal Extension of SM:
(Massive Dirac n): $\mu_\nu \sim 3 \times 10^{-19} \mu_B$
- SUSY: $\mu_{\nu\mu} \sim 1 \times 10^{-(12-13)} \mu_B$
- Current best limit set by LSND:
 - $\mu_{\nu\mu} \sim 6.8 \times 10^{-10} \mu_B$
- Excess $e-\nu_\mu$ scattering via EM
- MiniBooNE can improve LSND limit by factor of 2, FINeSSE even better!



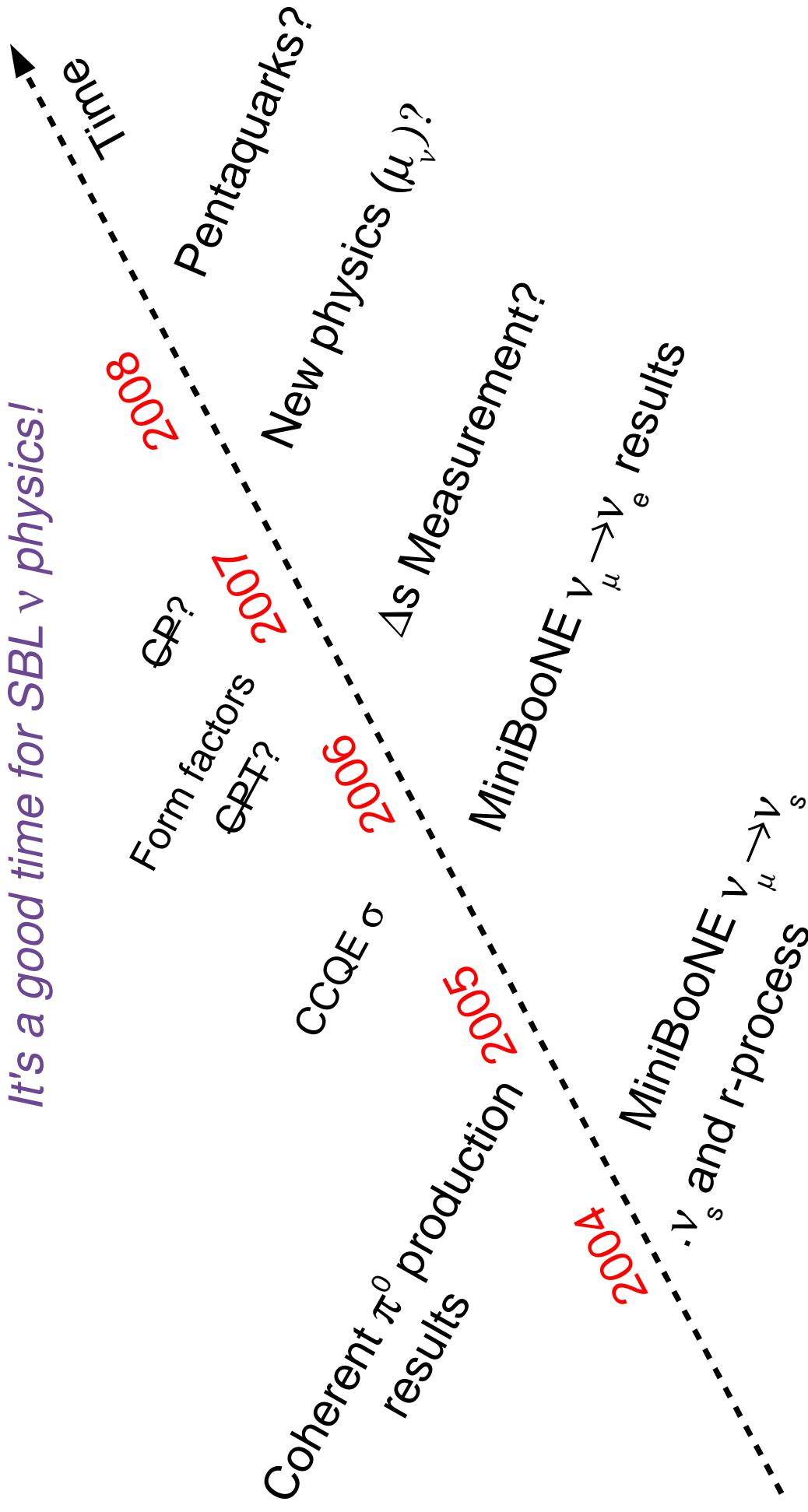
SBL Interactions with Astrophysics

- Already
 - SN 1987A & LSND data rule out 3+1 inverted hierarchy: hep-ph/0112214
- Currently
 - SBL sterile ν limits impact r-process models (heavy element production in supernovae) hep-ph/0003034
- Future
 - Sterile ν oscillations and neutron star kicks: (may explain anomalous velocity distribution) astro-ph/0307267
 - Other cosmological implications?



Future SBL Opportunities

It's a good time for SBL ν physics!



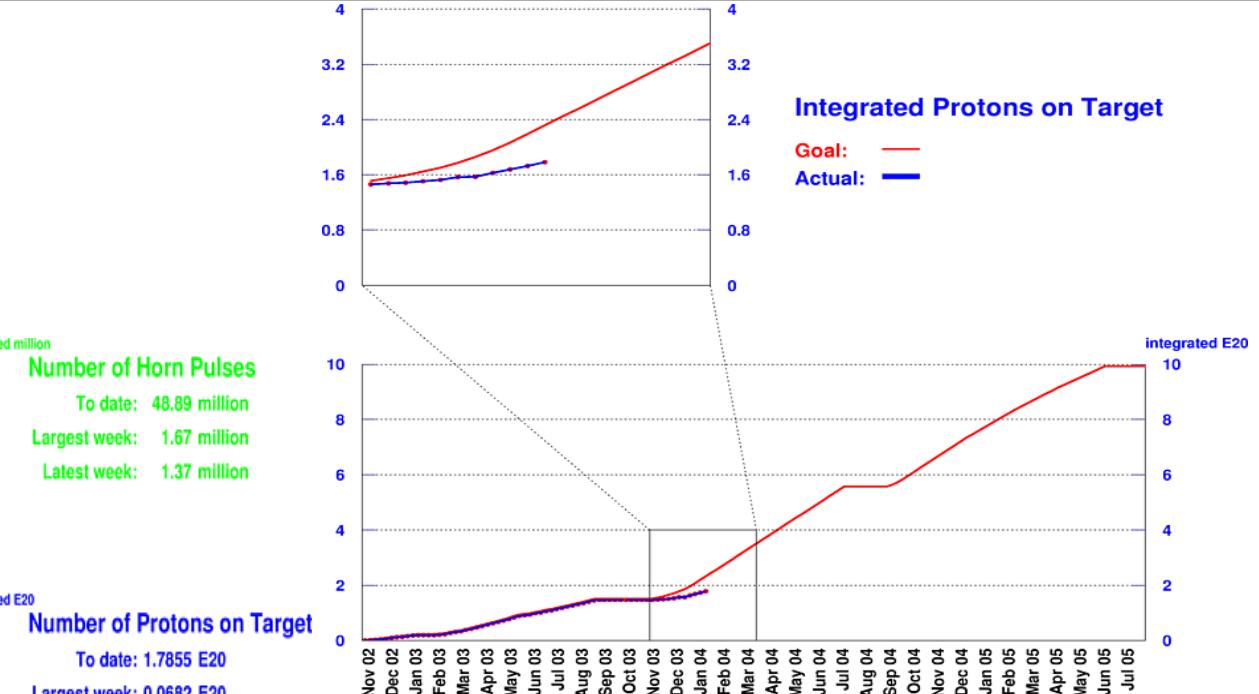
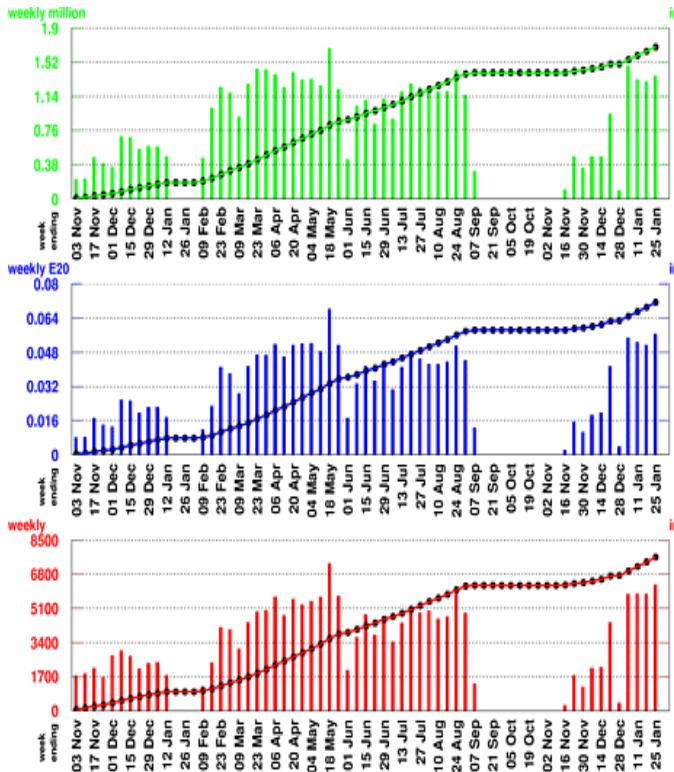
Backup slides follow



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Morgan Wascko / 3 February, 2004 / Page 19
2004 Aspen Winter Conference

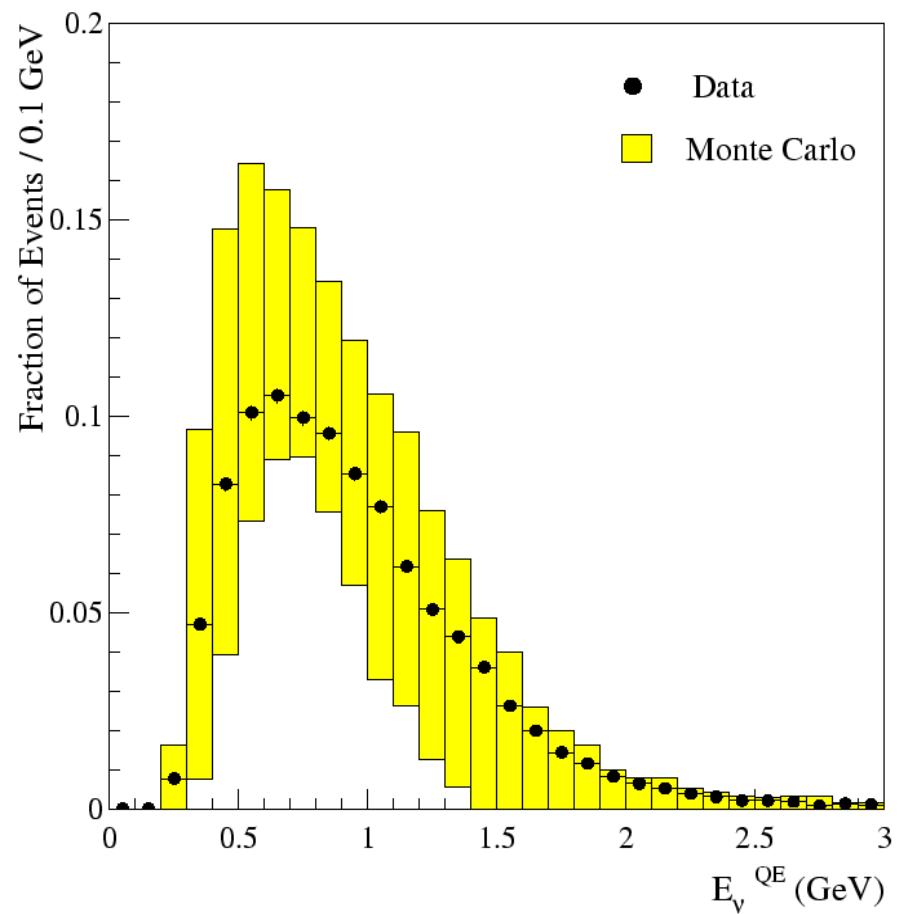
MiniBooNE Outlook



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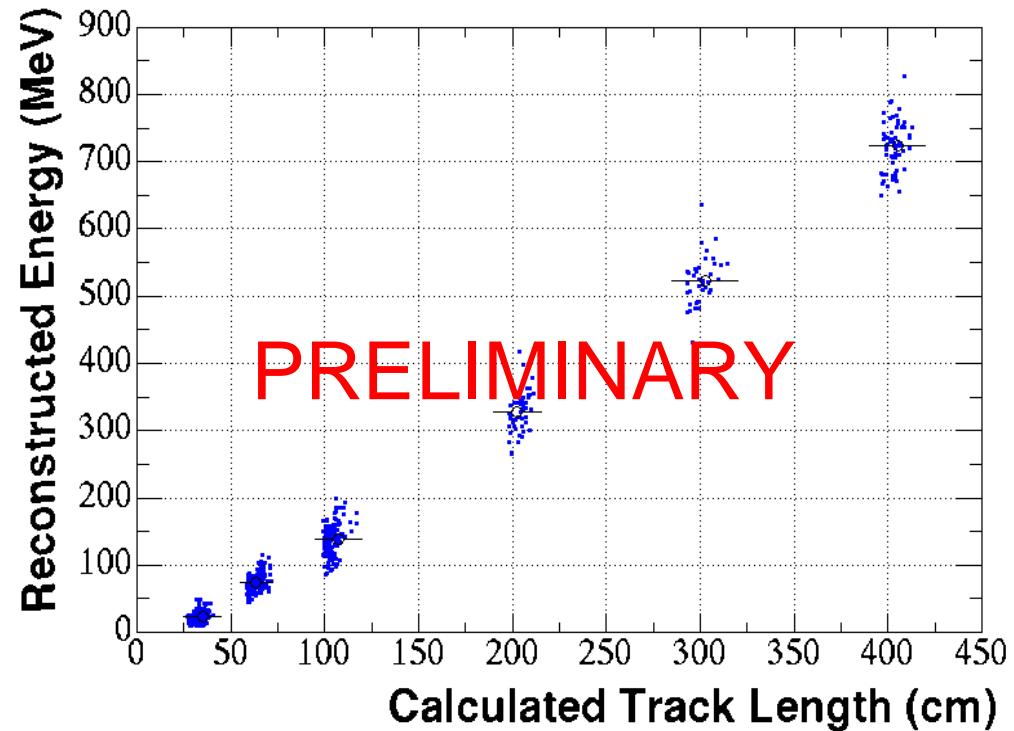
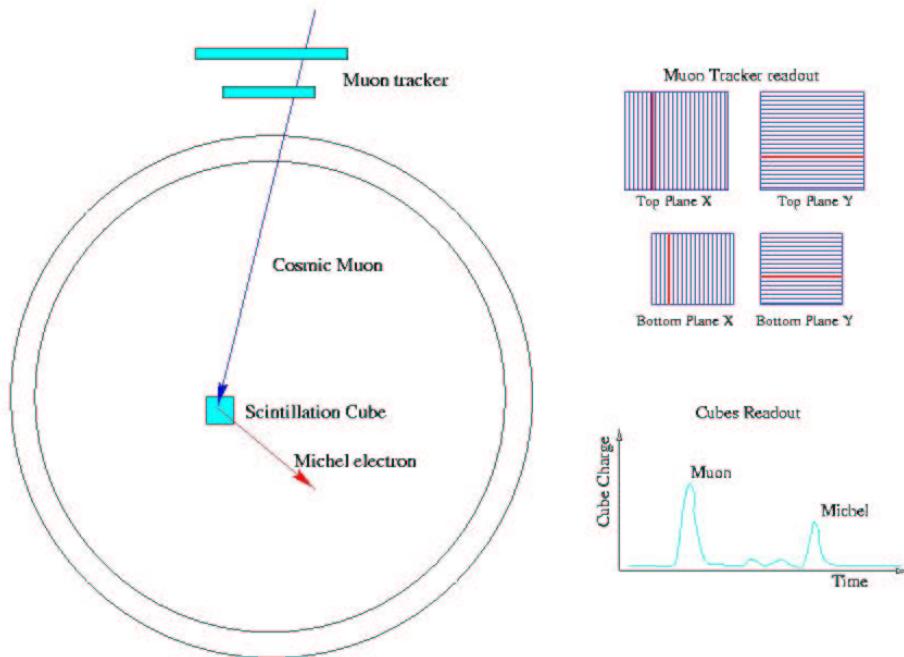
MiniBooNE ν_μ Energy Spectrum

- ν_μ CCQE energy reconstruction
- QE energy reconstruction depends on accurate angular reconstruction
- Muon Tracker studies are crucial!



MiniBooNE Cosmic Muon Reconstruction

- Muon Tracker tags entering cosmic muon
- Cubes capture stopping muons



- Calculated path length (range) of muon gives energy deposited in detector



MiniBooNE Reconstructed Pi0 Mass

- NC π^0 : simple event topology
- Invariant mass recon. assumes 2 γ s converting \Rightarrow 2 Čerenkov rings
 - 40 MeV cut on energy of each γ
 - BG channels also have π^0 content

